

General Insurance Corporation of India

December 30, 2020

Ratings

Facilities	Amount (Rs. crore)	Rating ¹	Rating Action
Issuer Rating*	-	CARE AAA (Is); Stable [Triple A (Issuer Rating); Outlook: Stable]	Assigned

^{*}The rating is subject to the company maintaining solvency ratio above 1.5 times Details of instruments/facilities in Annexure-1

Detailed Rationale & Key Rating Drivers

The rating continues to factor in General Insurance Corporation of India's (GIC Re) majority ownership by Government of India (GoI), GIC Re's strategic importance as the dominant Indian reinsurer, experienced management, comfortable liquidity position, diversified business profile and moderate asset profile.

The rating factors in rise in underwriting losses during the current financial year impacting overall profitability of the company and moderation in the solvency ratio. The company reported solvency ratio of 1.63 times as on September 30, 2020 against the minimum regulatory requirement of 1.50 times. CARE will continue to monitor the company's underwriting performance and solvency position closely.

Key Sensitivities

Negative Factors:

- Significant reduction in sovereign ownership and support
- Deterioration in Solvency ratio below the regulatory requirement
- Inability to improve the underwriting performance and profitability going forward

Detailed description of the key rating drivers

Key Rating Strengths

Ownership by Government of India and GIC Re's status as the dominant Indian reinsurer

GIC Re's credit profile derives strength from strong ownership. GIC was a wholly owned enterprise of GOI till FY17. GOI disinvested 14.22% stake in GIC Re through an IPO on 25th October, 2017. As on September 30, 2020 GOI holds 85.78% shareholding in GIC. The rating also factors in GIC Re's strategic importance as a dominant Indian reinsurer in the domestic market. GIC Re is expected to maintain its market leadership with around 60% market share in India's reinsurance industry. According to the regulations, GIC Re gets a certain cession of reinsurance business as obligatory business domestically. It also gets higher preference beyond the obligatory limit for reinsurance from domestic insurers and GIC has right to accept the business or refuse it.

Experienced management

GIC Re is managed by broad-based Board of Directors, chaired by CMD (Chairman and Managing Director) Mr. Devesh Srivastava (appointed w.e.f. December 20, 2019, replacing Ms. Alice Vaidyan). The Board of Directors comprises CMD, one Executive Director, a nominee director by GOI and two independent directors. The operations of the company are conducted by competent management team, consisting of professionals having vast experience in insurance and reinsurance sector.

Comfortable liquidity position and moderate asset profile

The provisions of Insurance Act and guidelines issued by Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India (IRDAI) determine the broad composition of GIC Re's investments.

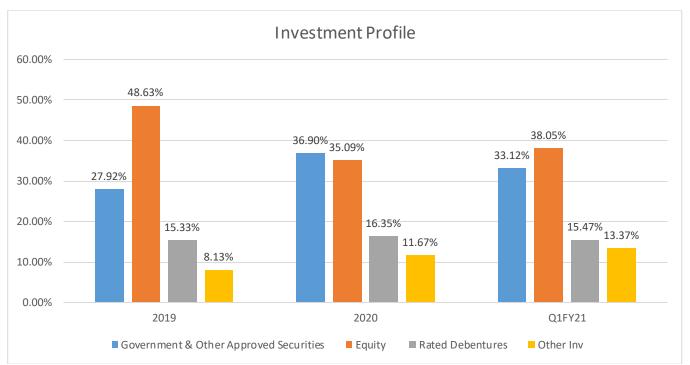
As on March 31, 2020, GIC Re had cash & cash equivalent of Rs.15853 crore which is 13.64% of total assets as on March 31, 2020 as against 11% as on March 31, 2019. The company has investments of Rs.28,862.83 crore (Market Value) in Government securities as on March 31, 2020.

As on September 30, 2020, GIC had cash & cash equivalents of Rs.16,924 crore which is 13.42% of total assets.

GIC Re has sufficient & diversified Liquid Investment Portfolio, to take care of any Fund requirements in its operations. The long term goal is to increase investment in Sovereign Papers & highest rated secured Bonds. The maturity profile of investments is well spread in coming years to take care of liquidity as also asset-liability match.

Complete definitions of the ratings assigned are available at <u>www.careratings.com</u> and in other CARE publications.





*Note-The Figures Equity and Mutual funds are at market value. The rest of investments are at Book value. GIC Re is incrementally investing mainly in G-Sec and has highest quality bonds. Also, the company has large unrealised gains in equity and mutual fund investments. The company had unrealised gains of Rs.14,896 crore as on March 31, 2020 and Rs.19,357 crore as on June 30, 2020.

The company reported Gross NPA of 4.03% and Net NPA of 0.31% as on September 30, 2020 as against Gross NPA of 4.42% and Net NPA of 0.63% as on March 31, 2020 (Gross NPA of 3.01% and Net NPA of 1.12% as on March 31, 2019).

Comfortable Capital Position

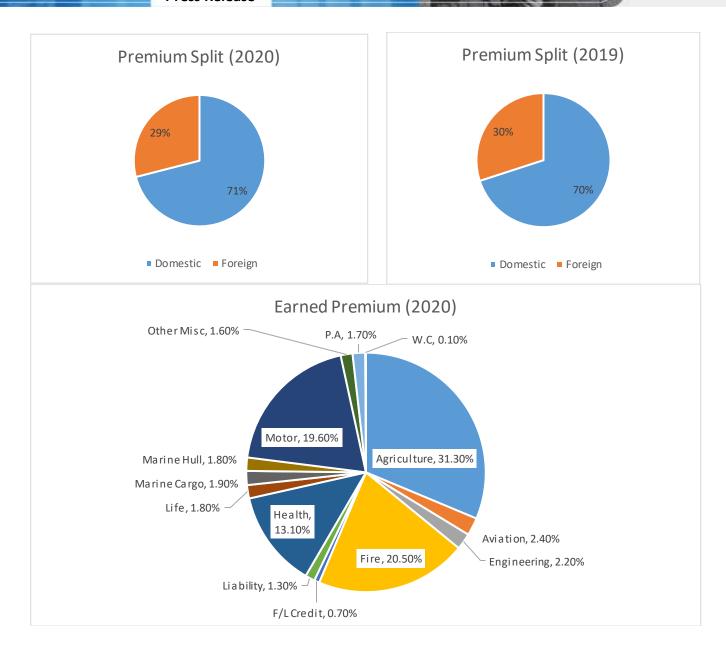
GIC Re has comfortable capital position and had a tangible net worth of Rs.21902 crore as on March 31, 2020. The net worth declined from Rs.23359 crore in FY19 on account of significant underwriting losses in FY20 but still the overall capital position remains comfortable. Also, GIC Re does not have any liabilities in the form of external borrowings which further strengthens the overall position of the company.

Well diversified business profile in reinsurance

GIC Re accepts almost all classes of non-life re-insurance business from the public and private sector general insurance companies in India. In addition to obligatory cessions, GIC Re also enters into treaty and facultative reinsurance arrangements with direct insurers. It has also started accepting life re-insurance since FY04, although business under the same remains small as percentage of the overall underwriting book.

GIC Re also accepts reinsurance from foreign insurance and reinsurance companies. In FY20, around 29% of GIC Re's total Gross Premium Written (GPW) is sourced from overseas markets (FY19: 30%) with a view to reduce dependence on domestic business to further diversify the geographical concentration of its book. GIC Re's risk exposures are diversified and comprise treaty cessions through obligatory route as well as non-obligatory cessions, facultative covers for domestic as well as overseas insurers, excess of loss cover, market surplus treaties etc.





Key Rating Weakness

Deterioration in solvency position

GIC Re has reported Solvency ratio of 1.52 as on June 30, 2020 and 1.53 as on March 31, 2020 which declined to close to the minimum regulatory requirement of 1.50x. The deterioration in solvency ratio is mainly on account of underwriting losses reported in Q1FY21 and Q3FY20 respectively along with the increase in business which requires higher capital.

Currently, as per the regulatory guidelines formula based solvency ratio is calculated based on the 3 years average of incurred claims & premium written and so the solvency ratio has declined due to weak performance of a couple of segments (Agriculture and Fire) in last year. The solvency ratio would remain a key monitor able going forward.

During Q1FY21, the company was unable to offset the underwriting losses by investment income thus reducing the shareholders' equity. During Q2FY21 the underwriting losses increased over Q1FY21, however higher investment income helped the company in generating PAT of Rs.230.05 crore, which along with business de growth resulted in, the solvency ratio improving to 1.63

Losses at underwriting level impacting the overall profitability

GIC Re reported a loss of Rs.359.10 crore on Gross Premium Written of Rs.51,030 crore for FY20 as against PAT of Rs.2,224 crore on Gross Premium Written of Rs.44,238 crore in FY19.

During Q2FY21, the company reported PAT of Rs.230.05 crore on Gross Premium Written of Rs.10,652 crore during Q2FY21, as against Q1FY21 where the company reported loss of Rs.557.47 crore on Gross Premium Written of Rs.15,882 crore. The profitability has been impacted on account of subdued underwriting performance as company reported underwriting losses of Rs.2,159 crore during Q2FY21 as against underwriting losses of Rs.1,771 crore for Q1FY21 and a loss of Rs.6,367 crore for



full year FY20 as against Rs.2,211 crore for FY19. The investment income in FY20 and Q1FY21 was Rs.7125 crore and Rs.1143 crore respectively but the investment income was not able to offset the losses. The investment income was higher than underwriting losses in Q2FY21 and so company booked a profit of Rs.230 crores.

The underwriting profitability was affected due to higher claims in Fire, Agriculture insurance due to major Catastrophic events in India and worldwide such as Cyclone Amphan, Cyclone Nisarga, floods, Cyclone Fani etc.

However, the company has increased rates in premiums of some of the business es such as Fire Insurance, Agriculture insurance, etc. This would improve the profitability of the company in the coming quarters.

Particulars	FY19	FY20	Q1FY21	Q2FY21
	12m, A	12m, A	3m, A	3m, A
Gross Premium	44,238.00	51,030.13	15881.65	10651.50
Net Premium	38,996.00	46,655.41	14625.28	8846.07
Earned Premium	37,679.00	44,145.43	13661.83	9491.35
Incurred Claims	33,740.00	43,035.86	12868.73	9589.87
Net Commission	6,105.43	7,508.35	2559.87	1808.25
Operating expenses related to insurance	256.00	373.01	67.66	55.36
Premium deficiency	5.30	19.42	7.52	2.85
Underwriting Profit/Loss(-)	-2,211.55	-6,367.18	-1,771.35	-2,159.37
Investment Income	6,401.34	7,125.48	1142.83	2767.35
Other Income less outgoing	-756.06	-1,204.28	-182.7	-195.70
PBT	3,433.73	-445.98	-811.22	412.28
Тах	1,209.51	-86.88	-253.75	182.23
PAT	2,224.22	-359.10	-557.47	230.05

Analytical approach: Standalone along with factoring in the ownership of Gol

Applicable Criteria

Issuer Rating

Criteria on assigning Outlook to Credit Ratings

CARE's Policy on Default Recognition

Financial ratios - Insurance Sector

Factor Linkages in Ratings

Insurance Sector

Liquidity: Strong

GIC Re has strong liquidity position and substantial portion of GIC Re's investment is readily marketable. As on March 31, 2020, GIC had cash & cash equivalent of Rs.15,853 crore which is 13.64% of total assets as on March 31, 2020 as against 11% as on March 31, 2019. The company has investments of Rs.28,862.83 crore (Market Value) in Government securities as on March 31, 2020 which are highly liquid in nature.

As on September 30, 2020, GIC had cash & cash equivalents of Rs.16,924 crore which is 13.42% of total assets.

About the Company

GIC Re was incorporated in November 1972, as a part of Government of India's (GoI) move to nationalize the general insurance business. It is majority owned by GoI and it is the dominant Indian reinsurer. Apart from the domestic operations, GIC Re has overseas offices viz, wholly-owned subsidiary in Moscow (GIC Perestrakhovanie LLC) & South Africa (GIC Re South Africa Limited) and branch offices in London, Dubai and Kuala Lumpur. 'GIC Syndicate 1947' is also operational from 2018 in Lloyds of London. GIC Re also has presence in Bhutan through its joint venture, GIC Bhutan Re (GIC Re holds 26% stake). The Corporation has also exposure in the share capital of Kenindia Assurance Company Ltd, Kenya; India International Insurance Pte Ltd, Singapore; Asian Reinsurance Corporation, Bangkok; East Africa Reinsurance Company Ltd., Kenya and Agriculture Insurance Company of India Limited for strategic reasons. Further, GIC Re also has a stake in GIC Housing Finance Company Ltd. GIC Re is present in various segments of reinsurance of which major segments are fire, health, motor, agriculture, marine, aviation and engineering.

Press Release



Brief Financials (Rs. crore)	FY19 (A)	FY20 (A)
Net Premium Earned	37,679.00	44,145.43
PAT	2,224.22	-359.10
Tangible Net Worth	23,358.50	21902.17
Solvency Ratio (times)	2.06	1.53

A: Audited

Status of non-cooperation with previous CRA: Not Applicable

Any other information: Not Applicable

Rating History for last three years: Please refer Annexure-2

Annexure-1: Details of Instruments/Facilities

Name of the Instrument	Date of Issuance	Coupon Rate	Maturity Date	Size of the Issue (Rs. crore)	Rating assigned along with Rating Outlook
Issuer Rating -		-	-	-	CARE AAA (Is); Stable

Annexure-2: Rating History of last three years

Sr.	Name of the		Current Ratings		Rating history			
No.	Instrument/Bank Facilities	Туре	Amount Outstanding (Rs. crore)	Rating	Date(s) & Rating(s) assigned in 2020-2021	Date(s) & Rating(s) assigned in 2019-2020	Date(s) & Rating(s) assigned in 2018-2019	Date(s) & Rating(s) assigned in 2017-2018
1.	Issuer Rating	LT	-	CARE AAA (Is); Stable	-	-	-	-

Annexure-3: Complexity level of various instruments rated for this company

Sr. No.	Name of Instrument	Complexity Level
1	Issuer Rating	Not Applicable

Note on complexity levels of the rated instrument: CARE has classified instruments rated by it on the basis of complexity. This classification is available at www.careratings.com. Investors/market intermediaries/regulators or others are welcome to write to care@careratings.com for any clarifications



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About CARE Ratings:

CARE Ratings commenced operations in April 1993 and over two decades, it has established itself as one of the leading credit rating agencies in India. CARE is registered with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) and also recognized as an External Credit Assessment Institution (ECAI) by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI). CARE Ratings is proud of its rightful place in the Indian capital market built around investor confidence. CARE Ratings provides the entire spectrum of credit rating that helps the corporates to raise capital for their various requirements and assists the investors to form an informed investment decision based on the credit risk and their own risk-return expectations. Our rating offerings leverage our domain and analytical expertise backed by the methodologies congruent with the international best practices.

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